DACORSO, BISHOP CESAR

∴ RETIRED PASTOR

Brazilian Bishop Dies

Bishop Cesar Dacorso Filho, first native bishop of the Methodist Church of Brazil, died Feb. 15 in Rio de Janeiro after an extended illness.

Twenty-one years in the episcopacy, Bishop Dacorso was elected to a sixth term in 1955. He declined, however, returning to the pastoral ministry where he served until retirement in 1960.

pression, occond, non-camone participants were present for the contribution they could and did make to the total conference. They were not observers who sat on the sidelines, watching Catholic leaders take apart and examine Vatican II. They assisted in this ecclesiastical exploratory operation.

We know of no counterpart among Protestants of such a dialogue on theological issues. Protestants have difficulty talking among themselves, let alone talking to Roman Catholics. In fact,

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During Bishop Dacorso's administration, The Methodist Church of Brazil grew in membership and expanded into new areas. Advances were made in the training of the ministry and in financial self-support. He

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Surviving are Mrs. Dacorso, a daughter and three sons, all living in Brazil and all Methodists. The funeral service was February 16, in Rio de Janeiro.

police in Selma than in Boston, more willing to give money for "those folks down there" than for the folk right

A folk song contains these words, "How many ears must a man have, before he can hear people cry? The answer my friends is written in the wind, the answer is written in the wind." Watts in Los Angeles and the Watts that exist throughout America will continue to exist and periodically explode until all of America is willing to see the poverty and discrimination and hear the cries of anguish that arise each day not only in Watts but in the South End, in Roxbury, in Dorchester, in Jamaica Plain.



That's W on b:

In the Watts section of Los Angeles the young people are wearing buttons that say, "It's Now, Baby." This is not the title of the latest song hit, rather it is an attempt to dramatize the sense of urgency that is being felt in Watts and should be felt in every urban center in our country.

The riots of last August, the second unrising in March of this year, the

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Evanston, III., in 1954 and at the New Deini Assembly in 1961. He toured the U.S. extensively in 1954.

Also at the Geneva meeting, the Central Committee elected another Methodist, this one an American Methodist, the Rev. Dr. Joseph C. Weber, as assistant director of the World Council's Ecumenical Institute at Bossey, Switzerland. He is currently associate professor of New Testament at the Methodist Theological School, Delaware, Ohio.

PAKISTAN METHODISTS SEND MISSIONARY OVERSEAS

The international missionary force of world Methodism continues to grow, as the so-called "younger churches" of Asia, Africa and Latin America send missionaries not only to each other, but increasingly to the traditionally missionary-sending churches of the West.

The latest breakthrough in international missions involves the Methodist Church in Pakistan sending one of its leading pastors as a missionary to England. The pastorturned-missionary is the Rev. Eric N. Daniels, pastor of Central Methodist Church in the city of Karachi, West Pakistan, and a former General Conference delegate. He will serve as a missionary to the large (estimated 200,000) Pakistani community in England.

Since Mr. Daniels is the first Methodist missionary to be sent overseas from Pakistan, his assignment means that yet another land joins the list of countries where the Methodist Church is now a missionary-sending as well as a missionary-receiving body.

The growth of the international missionary force is one of the most significant developments in modern Mathediat missions

Bishof Cesar Dacorso Méthodist Church of Brazil

Bishop Cesar Dacorso, leader of the largest and most rapidly growing body of Methodists in Latin America, has been Bishop of the Methodist Church in Brazil since his first election in 1934. He is now beginning a third four-year term. A high order of ability as administrator and organizer combined with pioneering zeal and skill fit him for providential leadership in this period of the history of

the church. Under his guidance, gratifying advance has been made in self-support, in the organization of. boards of managers for schools and other institutions of the church, in the keeping of records, in provision for the training of the ministry, in religious education, in church periodicals, in the holding and handling of church property, and in general administrative procedure. At the same time, the church has steadily extended its borders and increased its membership. By train and bus, and on horse and mule-back, Bishop Dacorso travels constantly, planting the church in new pioneer settlements and in the rapidly growing cities that are springing up along extending railway lines.

> By A. W. Wassons in Ala. Xian Advocale 2/18/43

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Brazil Re-elects Its Bishops

A report from the recent General Conference of the Methodist Church in Brazil says that all three present bishops (who serve four-year terms) were re-elected: Bishop Cesar Dacorso, Bishop Cyrus B. Dawsey, and Bishop Isaias Sucasas. The Rev. Charles W. Clay, missionary, was elected executive secretary of the Board of Education; the Rev. Wilbur K. Smith, missionary, executive secretary of the Board of Social Action; and the Rev. Augusto Schwab, executive secretary of the Board of Missions.

The most drastic action taken by the General Conference was a vote to make tithing mandatory upon all church members.

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Brazil Elects Three Bishops

Two new bishops of the Methodist Church of Brazil were elected, and Bishop

Cesar Dacorso was re-elected, at the recent session of the General Conference of

Brazil's daughter of North American Methodism. Each election is for four years,

Bishop Dacorso's being for the fourth consecutive four-year period.

The new bishops are Dr. Cyrus Bassett Dawsey, a voteran missionary; and the Rev. Isaias Sucasas, son of Spanish immigrants to Brazil.

The General Conference also re-elected Dr. James E. Ellis as general secretary of the Board of Christian Education, and Dr. Augusto Schwab as general secretary of the Board of Missions; and chose the Rev. Charles W. Clay, a missionary, as general secretary of the Board of Social Action in succession to the veteran missionary, Dr. Hugh C. Tucker.

The bishops and the secretaries constitute the General Cabinet of the Methodist Church of Brazil.

Dr. W. H. Moore was re-elected president of the School of Theology in Juiz de Fora. He is a former president of Granbery College, Brazil.

Bishop Dawsey has been a tircless pioneer in extending Methodism in the northwestern part of the State of Sao Paulo, and has been called "the Asbury of Brazil" A native of South Carolina, educated at Wofford College, he has been in missionary service in Brazil since 1914. In Sao Paulo he has kept in advance of the rapidly expanding frontier, has gathered people -- from many varied backgrounds -- into churches, and has led them in the erection of scores of church buildings. The territory he served was only a few years ego marked on maps, "Unknown -- inhabited by Indians."

Mrs. Dawsey is also a native of South Carolina. They have three daughters, all missionaries in Brazil: Mrs. Albert L. Roum of San Paulo; Miss Sarah Dawsey of the faculty of Bonnett College, Rio de Janeiro; and Mrs. William F. Rogers of Sao Paulo.

Bishop Isaias Sucasas is the son of Spanish-born immigrants to Brazil. For twelve years he studied at Granbery College, Sao Prulo, working his way by manual labor. In 1925 he was graduated from the School of Theology and entered the Methodist ministry. For several years he served on large circuits in the interior of the State of Minas. Then for four years he was paster of the Central Methodist Church in Juiz de Fora, where he greatly increased the membership and established eleven Sunday schools in nearby communities. At the Central Church in Belo Merizonte, he erected one of the best-equipped churches in all Brazil. He was paster of the Catete Church in Rio de Janeiro when elected to the episcopacy.

Bishop Dacorso has been in the Brazil Episcopacy since 1934. His father was an immigrant from Italy; his mother was a Brazilian, partly of Indian descent. Under his guidance the church has made rapid growth during these twelve years.

General Secretary Charles Wesley Clay succeeds "the grand old man of Brazil evangelical church" in heading the Board of Social Action. Dr. Tucker has made this Board a powerful instrument for social welfare in the republic's life.

Mr. Clay went to Brazil from the United States at the age of five, his parents being early Methodist missionaries. Later he returned to the United States and was educated at Rutherford College and Duke University. For three years he was a paster in the Western North Carolina Conference, and then returned to Brazil as a missionary. Most of his service has been in connection with Granbery College.

Dr. Ellis has been at the helm of the Board of Christian Education since 1934. The Rov. Augusto Schwab, re-elected to head the Board of Missions, was born in Czechoslovakia, but emigrated to Brazil early in life.

The Methodist Church of Erazil was established in 1930 from three missionary conferences established by the former Methodist Episcopal Church, South. It has about 30,000 members. NEWS

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In cooperation with Methodist Information



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