# HAMILTON, BISHOP JOHN W. AND MRS. HAMILTON

Bishop John W. Hamilton, DD.,
Bishop John W. Hamilton, DD.,

Return to

150 Figure Avenue a.

Bushof John W. Hramiston Boston, mass.

Bishof John Dr. Hamilton

Letterice

Rea of 1910.

Fisher John W. Hemilton, Washing ton 12.3

Please return to nev. J.L.z.-mith, 740 Rush Street, Chicago, Ill

) 0.56 E

## Affectionate Tribute to Bishop Hamilton

TT was a very affecting scene that took place at Worcester Friday of last week in connection with the sessions of the New England Conference, when the members of that body, through their chosen spokesman, Dr. William Fairfield Warren, presented Bishop John W. Hamilton a beautiful loving cup in token of the high esteem and warm affection in which he is held by his old Conference. Under the present law of the church, Bishop Hamilton will retire on account of age at the close of the General Conference which meets in Saratoga Springs next month. Very fittingly he was assigned to preside over the New England Conference, of which he was so long an honored and influential member, there to close his active presidency over these annual gatherings, which gave the members of that body the opportunity they desired to express something of the affection which they feel toward him.

Dr. Warren was exceedingly happy in his address of presentation, in choice sentences delineating the major lines of Bishop Hamilton's career in the church, dwelling upon bis loyalty to New England, his devotion to Methodism, his leadership in important movements, and his contribution to the upbuilding of the kingdom. In this he spoke the minds, we are sure, not only of those assembled at Worcester, but of all New England Methodism. After a few introductory words, Dr. Warren said that he was spokesman for the Conference, "bent on expressing something of the honor and esteem" in

which Bishop Hamilton, whom he characterized as "our bishop," is held by his brethren. Then he continued:

"You were not born, like many here present. within our Conference bounds, but like many of our new Americans, you can claim all the greater credit as having become a New Englander not by mere accident of hirth, but by intelligent and deliherate choice of your own. When you came W among us — how well I remember it! — you in brought with you your choicest treasures, youth, 11 eager aspiration, your household gods, your everdeepening devotion to Jesus Christ and His p kingdom. People's Temple is but one of many 17 monuments of your youthful faith and later ic achievement. From the first you have nobly represented New England ideals. From the Atlautic to the Pacific your voice has ever rung out in opposition to all legal and illegal forms of { human servitude. In you the honest toiler, ! white and black, has ever found a mighty champion and a cherished friend. In our world-wide a church the laymen, and especially the laywomen, I are not likely ever to forget their indebtedness, to you for rights and opportunities achieved as yet in no other like branch of the Church of Christ. Your efficiency in the organization of Ecumenical Conferences has given you throughout the Methodist world a recognition attained by no other living representative. In the profound international movement having for its 1 aim a World Conference on Faith and Order, . your rank among the leaders is recognized by all communions of the Old World and of the New. Next month at Saratogn, in a veritable world conference of our own, yours will be the chosen voice to utter the quadrennial message of the millions of the Methodist Episcopal Church to the millions of the world without. When all the world is thus honoring you, how can we, your brothers in a precious lifelong fellowship, remain unmoved?

"Sixteen years ago this Conference sent you at the head of its delegation to the General Conference in Chicago. We all remember what followed. Not all, however, remember as vividly as do you and I ascene on the vast platform whereon we knelt and prayed and rose

eager aspiration, your household gods, your everdeepening devotion to Jesus Christ and His kingdom. People's Temple is but one of many monuments of your youthful faith and later achievement. From the first you have nobly represented New England ideals. From the Atlantic to the Pscific your voice has ever rung out in opposition to all legal and illegal forms of human servitude. In you the honest toiler, white and black, bas ever found a mighty champion and a cherished friend. In our world-wide church the laymen, and especially the laywomen, are not likely ever to forget their indebtedness to you for rights and opportunities achieved as yet in no other like branch of the Church of Christ. Your efficiency in the organization of Ecumenical Conferences has given you throughout the Methodist world a recognition attained by no other living representative. In the profound international movement having for its aim a World Conference on Faith and Order, your rank among the leaders is recognized by all communions of the Old World and of the New. Next month at Saratoga, in a veritable world conference of our own, yours will be the chosen voice to utter the quadrennial message of the millions of the Methodist Episcopal Church to the millions of the world without. When all the world is thus honoring you, how can we, your brothers in a precious lifelong fellowship, remain unmoved?

"Sixteen years ago this Conference sent you at the head of its delegation to the General Conference in Chicago. We all remember what followed. Not all, however, remember as vividly as do you and I a scene on the vast platform whereon we knelt and prayed and rose and sang that crowning Sunday of the General Conference session. Thousands of spectators crowded the vast auditorium; every bishop with his attendant elders was in his place. Standing face to face with the appointed cfficiants, with you at my side, it fell to me at the awaited moment to voice the mind of the New England Conference and the mind of a hundred other Annual Conferences in General Conference assembled by pronouncing the solemn words of our ritual: 'I present unto you this holy man to be consecrated a bishop in the Church of God.'

"From that memorable day to this it has been the joy and pride of this Conference to be represented by you in world-wide activiti€s. In every honor paid you we have been honored. Today, not only hy word, but also by deed, we desire to remind you, and your loved ones, that ) you are perpetually in our heart of hearts. ; We therefore respectfully ask that you will ac- 1 cept from our hands this loving cup, on which the names of giver and recipient are linked in perpetuity. A few weeks hence you are to pass yet another gateway in your bigh career. Thenceforward, unhampered by such duties as burden and perplex you today, you are to be dowered with freedom for the higher, the crowning achievements of your life. Remember as you thus advance that step by step you are ever haloed in the prayers and devout thanksgivinge of these your brethren, the members of this - your own - New England Conference."

The cup, which stands about twentyfour inches high, bears the following inscription:

"Presented to John W. Hamilton, a bishop of the Methodist Episcopal Church, by the mem-

bers of the New England Conference of which hawas a member (1868-1900) and resident bishop (1908-1916) and in whose admiration and affection he will ever abide. April, 1916"

Bishop Hamilton, taken entirely by surprise, was greatly moved. As he spoke his few words of affectionate response he stirred profoundly the emotions, particularly as he referred to Mrs. Hamilton, who would have rejoiced so keenly to share with him in this token of the love of his brethren. It was an hour to touch the heart and tenderly reveal those subtle links that bind together the ministry of the church.

recurrence of such a catastrophe. Inter- cl national good will can be fostered by no su other organization as by the church. It is R this thought that is back of the call for a b gathering of leading clergymen in Garden ci City, L. I., beginning April 25, when this nwhole problem of the relation of the In church in all lands to international dis- b putes will be considered. No charge was " made more insistently, immediately after R the outbreak of the war, than that Chris- co tianity had broken down. Shallow indeed si such a statement, revealing lack of touch un with the profounder facts of life as related of to the great international currents. Not w Christianity but the things in our civiliza- a tion that were not Christian are responsi- of ple for the war. And it is to the problem ti of eliminating these things, and of making m all of life Christian, that the representaives of the churches are to address themselves at Garden City, this gathering to be part of a world wide campaign of thurches of many denominations now gong on in nine European countries and in th the United States. The conference is pa called by the American branch of the w-World Alliance of the Churches for the  $\,p\epsilon$ Promotion of International Friendship in fr co-operation with the Commission on m Peace and Arbitration of the Federal th Council of the Churches of Christ in W America. These two bodies emphasize pa the fact that the purpose of the confer m ence is concerned with the fundamental th question of the spirit of international in good will and of the part the Christian w elichurch should take in promoting it, rather th outhan with the national issues now heing si Jo discussed. The World Alliance of the de Of Churches for the Promotion of Inter- L 'mational Friendship came into existence re əц

g God's work in God's way. By every collected output of thought and time and decrength I am fitting myself for still higher comotion finally, amid the arenas of the -wavenly world!"

# Just Be Enlarged

phurch, and are becoming identified with ectivities entirely outside of the denomination. There is no reason whatever why we might not so capture the mind and heart and imagination of our best elethodist young women who are college aduates that they would become identified with some form of social service.

, And we shall do this, as one of our ablest vomen leaders has said, by putting "the imphasis on great service rather than on thite bonnet strings." Now this is not o be considered as anything against the onnet strings, but it is to be understood s insisting that the mere incidentals of he deaconess work are not to prevent he broadening of our vision as to woman's ervice, nor keep us from enlarging our scope of activity, that we may be ible to capture our best young women and ead them into larger Christian service. This ought to be the cry of Methodism luring the next quadrennium, "Christian Bocial Service." And it should be beard n every one of our secondary schools and olleges

In the years just ahead of us there will be many demands for teachers for reliious education as related to the public

# **Iust Be Enlarged**

ot directly connected with this or any hurch, and are becoming identified with ctivities entirely outside of the denomnation. There is no reason whatever thy we might not so capture the mind nd heart and imagination of our best lethodist young women who are college raduates that they would become identified with some form of social service.

And we shall do this, as one of our ablest vomen leaders has said, by putting "the mphasis on great service rather than on vhite bonnet strings." Now this is not o be considered as anything against the connet strings, but it is to be understood is insisting that the mere incidentals of he deaconess work are not to prevent he broadening of our vision as to woman's service, nor keep us from enlarging our scope of activity, that we may be tble to capture our best young women and ead them into larger Christian service. This ought to be the cry of Methodism luring the next quadrennium, "Christian Social Service." And it should be heard n every one of our secondary schools and :olleges.

In the years just ahead of us there will e many demands for teachers for reliious education as related to the public chool system of the country; there will e a great field for service in our cities; here will be a call for consecrated womannood in our rural sections; there will be lemands also for work among immigrants, vomen trained specifically to labor among he Italians, Russians, and other groupsn fact, there will be openings in practially every line of human activity and life where consecrated womanhood may lead, nspire, and become instruments under God to the salvation of individuals and the appuilding of the community. These lines if social service, along with the splendid work which is now being done by the deaconesses as such, are all of them of impertive necessity in any program broad mough to command all the resources of a hurch such as the Methodist Episcopal Church.

It is one of the most glorious pages of our history that has been written by the onsecrated deaconess, who has given her ime without stint and without hope of eward. All honor to those who have intered the service in these years! But he time has come when aside from these there must also be the broadening of all of our women's work so as to include all the possibilities of this service. And the only way in which this can be done is by the General Conference facing the situation fairly and so enlarging the scope of the Deaconess Board in its program and in its personnel that it will touch all the educational, social, and religious possibilities. Nothing less than this is big enough for Methodism.

nan and his fate have met, and that the h

# Deaconess Work N

N what way may the young women of n

## Mrs. Bishop Hamilton.

The whole Church grieves for Bishop Hamilton in his hereavement. He had found in Mrs. Hamilton so much; so much of reserves, of understanding, of moral strength; so much of comradeship in his labors far beyond the strength of any man. Particularly was this true during the labors that fell to his lot after the San Francisco earthquake and the holocaust. Always Bishop Hamilton had worked as if his life were in atmosphere of oxygen which burns so brightly because it is consumed so fast; always his mail, his correspondence, his personal attention to the humblest details and the obscurest brethren, was so careful, so sincere, it forgot all human limitations as to endurance. But during those dark times when the queenly city by the Golden Gate lay in ashes and ruins, when his health was undermined and the surgeons having him on the operating table despaired his life, when weakness was the lot of that frame of knitted steel, Mrs. Hamilton was by his side, in every way the pillar and guard and inspiration of his daily existence.

Mrs. Hamilton, like her distinguished husband, took the episcopacy as one views not honors on the outside, but humble, even monotonous, routine from within. Too sensitive and too sensible of its responsibilities, she was never bewildered by its distinctions or its appreciative applause. She accompanied the bishop on all his official visits to foreign countries, including Alaska, the Hawaiian Islands, Mexico, Porto Rico, Denmark, Norway, Sweden, Finland, Russia, and all of Central, Southern and Western Europe, and acted as his helper in a thousand ways. She had hoped to accompany him around the world in fulfillment of his recent appointment, on his visit to far-off missions but this journey was postponed on account of the war. She purchased for the Woman's Home Missionary Society the beautiful home in Honolulu for the Susannah Wesley Orphanage, during her visit to the Hawaiian Islands, and all this only suggests her wide interest and wide usefulness.

Her character was beautiful, because she loved to serve. Natural, unofficious, with no touch of affectation, she was a type of the Christian woman, wife, mother, friend. The Church holds Bishop Hamilton up to the throne today, and invokes on him the comfort, the far-away look, the hope that cannot be put to shame, of a morning dawn where life takes up afresh its wonted way.

At Renhidim

Bishop John W. Hamilton was born in Weston, Virginia; graduated from Mount Union (Ohio) College, and the Boston School of Theology. He was licensed to preach in 1865, serving first the church at Newport, Ohio. He was for two years pastor of the People's Church in Boston, later of Somerville, Mass., and of East Boston. He was elected secretary of the Freedmen's Aid Society in 1892, holding that office until 1900, when he was chosen bishop. He has ever been active in Home Missionary work, having organized our missions in Alaska and Hawaiian Islands. He has represented our church as fraternal delegate to the churches in England and Ireland, and has been a member of several Ecumenical gatherings. He has been a constant writer of books and articles for the church press. For some years he was a resident of Cincinnati, and the readers of the Western feel a proprietary interest in this distinguished servant of our church.

Bishop John W. Hamilton was born in Weston, Virginia; graduated from Mount Union (Ohio) College, and the Eoston School of Theology. He was licensed to preach in 1865, serving first the church at Newport, Ohio. He was for two years pastor of the People's Church in Boston, later of Somerville, Mass., and of East Boston. He was elected secretary of the Freedmen's Aid Society in 1892, holding that office until 1900, when he was chosen bishop. He has ever been active in Home Missionary work, having organized our missions in Alaska and Hawaiian Islands. He has represented our church as fraternal delegate to the churches in England and Ireland, and has been a member of several Ecumenical gatherings. He has been a constant writer of books and articles for the church press. For some years he was a resident of Cincinnati, and the readers of the Western feel a proprietary interest in this distinguished servant of our church.

\_Mrs. Emma Battelle Hamilton, wife of John William Hamilton, bishop of the Methodist Episcopal Church, who is resident in Boston, died suddenly Monday evening at Dr. C. P. Sylvester's private hospital in Hull. Mrs. Hamilton's death resulted from an organic disease of the nervous system, beginning with the mostration occasioned by the San Francisco earthquake. Mrs. Hamilton was form in Fairmont, Virginia, November 26, 1855. She was the daughter of the Rev. Gordon Battelle, D.D., and Maria Louisa Tucker. She was educated in the Wheeling Female College, and later became teacher of art in Wesleyan Female College, Cincinnati, and held that issition when she was married to Dr. Hamilton, December 18, 1888. Besides her hysband, Bishop John W. Hamilton, Wiss Mrs. Hamilton leaves a daughter, Miss Helene Hamilton, who resides with her fether; a son, Colonel Gordon B. Ilamilton, who is a physician in Oakland, California; a brother, Colonel J. G. Battelle, president of the Columbus (Ohio) Iron & Steel Company, and three sisters, Mrs. Frederick Atwood, of Evansville, Indiana; Miss Frances Battelle, of Boston, and Mrs. Clarence M. Fenton, of Columbus, Ohio.

to the test, rather, and see how present a help is He in time of trouble.

## Miners and Farmers Vote the Saloons Out.

St. Francois County, Mo., voted out the saloons by 900 majority, at a special election held last week.

St. Francois County, south of St. Louis, has been a battle ground of the wet and dry forces for years. It is the heart of the lead mining district and contains several unincorporated mining towns of several thousand each which vote with the county. The drys took the first victory in the county several months ago when Farmington, the county seat, which votes separately, voted dry. Then the fight was centered on the county. The largest part of the majority was rolled up in the largest mining centers, showing a strong vote of laborers, as well as of farmers, against the saloon.

Thank God for this notable victory!

٥.

## Those Hundred Days at Kansas Wesleyan.

From many sources letters still come in that tell the wonderful record of Kansas Wesleyan during its one hundred days. All letters speak of the energy and unique character of the campaign that has come out not only with the hundred thousand set as the goal, but about thirty thousand beyond. The new champion, President John F. Harmon, writes of the workers, and the workers write of him. Dr. Roach, former president, and no institution ever had a finer type of champion, falls into the vernacular when he writes: "It was a general hustle of a job and 'the boys' laid off their coats and went to work and the campaign went well. \* \* \* About two thirds of the time it was so wet they could not travel, but we came out at the end of the hundred days with \$128,000 and still some to hear from." President Harmon was everywhere. Rain, mud, impossible roads did not stop him. He touched thirty counties, traveled several thousand miles, met the people, and they capitulated, purses and hearts and all.

The Central has already endeavored to give this wonderful campaign due recognition. If we were to name all who were in the thrilling campaign we should have to name all the district superintendents, pastors, leading laymen. It was a famous victory.

## Bishop Mouzon on Organic Union.

Some days ago when Bishon Edwin D. Mouzon of the

And now there comes to the front the Sinn Fein movement, embodying a revolt against not only tyranny, but all authority. At first sight this might seem to be a whole hemisphere removed from the disposition of the grasping and selfish landlord; but extremes will sometimes meet, and these met in their essential motives. "For ourselves alone" is an adequate motto both for the revolutionist and for the reactionary; and it is a wicked and a disastrous principle in either case. This earth would be a hell in a week if this were allowed to rule the lives of men; and no movement has a future or any promise of well-being for the race which starts there.

There is no reason to doubt that the coincidence of Zeppelin raids, the naval raid on the east coast of England, the attempt to land guns in Ireland, and the Sinn Fein rising were all part of a concerted scheme, made in Germany, and in which that strange renegade, Sir Roger Cusement, was the agent, so far as the Irish part of the scheme was con-

And now there comes to the front the Sinn Fein movement, embodying a revolt against not only tyranny, but all authority. At first sight this might seem to be a whole hemisphere removed from the disposition of the grasping and selfish landlord; but extremes will sometimes meet, and these met in their essential motives. "For ourselves alone" is an adequate motto both for the revolutionist and for the reactionary; and it is a wicked and a disastrous principle in either case. This earth would be a hell in a week if this were allowed to rule the lives of men; and no movement has a future or any promise of well-being for the race which starts there.

There is no reason to doubt that the coincidence of Zeppelin raids, the naval raid on the east coast of England, the attempt to land guns in Ireland, and the Sinn Fein rising were allepart of a concerted scheme, made in Germany, and in which that strange renegade, Sir Roger Casement, was the agent, so far as the Irish part of the scheme was con-



# Plymouth, Indiana

under the guidance of a special Providence could the work be done. When God sent this man to Plymouth it was with the understanding that a new church was to be built. One of the daily papers said after the task was completed:

"Rev. Switzer has been the power behind the throne that has brought about the execution of this gigantic plan. To him was the responsibility of setting before his members the vision of the larger church. He had to lead his people up

unday,

ecnior

logical ch he

of and

Drew

CNCa-

TCH-

3:-hop

riends

- 11)-

r con-

way. hopeobust

to all

R, of estel,

ile it-

Con-

ustry

nt m · he

y at-

a, the

New

٠, ١

thoda:

relant, - לנו יינייי Sunday. Besides her surpassing skill, she is credited with "serene imperturbability." In this tournament, in which twenty-six nations In 1892 he was elected corresponding secretary took part, she defeated five opponents, including the Swiss and French champions, before t. Con-·her in meeting the American.

DR. JOHN R. MOTT has returned to England, after three busy months spent among the Christian workers in the Union of South Africa, the two Rhodesias and the Belgian Congo. He appraises this experience as "one of the most fruitful of my hie." After presiding at two conferences in England, the International Missionary Commissional Salisbury and the World's Commune of the Y. M. C. A. at Ballol College, Oxford, he returns on the Europa, due in New York August 10. Correspondents in Africa remark upon his gra-p of the matters considered in the conferences and the inspiring quality of his leadership.

## The Next General Conference

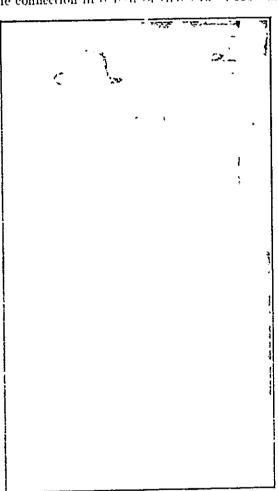
The Commission on Entertainment of the General Conference of 1936 met in Charge, July 21. Several Lastern and Westein cities are extending tentative invitations. An agreement as to all requirements is being presented to the interested cities. Other entes desiring this information may secure a from the scenetary, the Rev. Fred D. stone, 3809 North Roctor Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

The General Conference Expense Fund gives the commission its greatest concern. Only a small per cent of the amount appettioned is being received. It now looks as if delegates are likely to receive a smaller amount than two doll as per dev and to pay the of them novel 2.2 excess. The posset of posset in the posset in which is a posset of the posset  $(\Gamma_{i}^{A_{i+1}})_{B_{i}\in\Sigma_{i}^{A_{i}}(Y_{i+1})}$ 

## Bishop John W. Hamilton

Bishen Ler W. He too . The W. J. A. n. d with Masserme Const. Has Bridge of of the 5 45 at 25 N m and here in Machinella 17 with Dated H. Machinella 18 No. 20 No. the previous W directly, and a six related to a wood no mt, O, the located on Sound v. I come of the letter Another death was which The them his mass with approves of the services of teenth year, his general health had been remarkably and not

Conference in 1884, '88. '92, '96, '00. leading his delegation in the three latter Conferences. of the Freedmen's Aid and Southern Education Society, and for eight years traveled through the connection in behalf of that cause. He was



Friends in Council Bishop Hamilton da and Bishop Cooke R ( at Des Moines General Conference, 1929

 $\frac{\operatorname{Cen}(r)}{r+1/2} \xrightarrow{\operatorname{con}(r)} \frac{1}{r} \xrightarrow{\operatorname{con}(r)}$ 1. 1 y ata, the New

aunitheir n Fal-î s ŵêre dete the thodist rchant, əmmited with

or the

bnt, O., was the etcenth 'lent of icty of "alapat · while gained .ismess. to the parents.

icd by dy 27. · Conember acction embly. hedral l. On delress

Koelor Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

The General Conference Expense Fund gives the commission its greatest concern. Only a small per cent of the amount apportioned is being received. It now looks as if delegates are likely to receive a smaller amount than two dollars per day and to pay most of their traveling expenses. The present commission has no authority to borrow money.

## Bishop John W. Hamilton

Bishop John W. Hamilton, retired died in Massachusetts G neral Hospital, Boston, at 5:45 A. M., Monday, July 20. He had been taken ill at his summer home in Marshfield the previous Wednesday, and was removed to the hospital on Saturday. The cause of death was uremia. Though in his nineticth year, his general health had been remarkably s. Lucy good until this attack. -

John William Hamilton was the second of the five sons of the Rev. William Charles Patrik and Honry Main (Dean) Hamilton. He was born in Weston, Va. Cnow West Virginia), Morch 18, 1845. His father, a member of Pittsburgh Conference, later removed to Ohio, where he died leaving his widow with five sons and a daughter to support. John attended Summerfield Academy and tought school before he was sixteen. In 1800 he entered Mount Union College, where he graduated in 1865. In April, 1861, he answered President Lincoln's first call for troops, but was rejected as under age. Two years later he rode with the "Squired Hunters" in charge of Morgan's raiders, and in 1862 was mustered into the Union Army seiving as a corporal in General Bull's troops in Kentucky, In 1965 how is licensed to preach and served

while a thit enspoint chem at Newson, Oa and xpress in 1868 was admitted to Presburgh Con- Ward a globelog and Ward equal traference. He was graduated at Boston Unit of the back as De J Bosse, the versity School of Theology in 1871. Lavy 2. Yeak Lord Conservation page And a similar charge of Mashardal Massack and American have a superprise Transcence to Nov P grand Continues the congressions, Anna Conservation and

Friends in Council Bishop Hamilton (L.) and Bishop Cooke (R.) at Des Moines General Conference, 1920

the eloquent spok of the first  $S_{\rm col}$  hibition and of Weissin Section [15]. In tle for the admission can be the first tenter Conference his state and the state of the 2 . . change in the Const. 1975 sentation to to the same position This off the fight, and gave him now, and the In 1999 he, with David II. Mos. teenth be of Pen de le sui france o. 1900-08, and Boston 1908-16. If I have to de with Bishop J. P. Horst in Co. St. abstracts of the American University of Victional Co. D. C., and in 1916 succeeded has prother Free '-Im a to disaccilor directly years administration were marked by grans or sociotion in a sources and co-on-ration with the government in the World Win A or bis remove in 1916 Bishop Hamilt Trappel net so too le energies in magnett activities morable at connection with the Econtents of Converges s In 1928 h (rols d 815 000 ) (1) Am (1) 04 Mathodate to cover the course of the discoration and furnishing to being V steps at one in Lincoln College, Oxford, Bishop Himilton was the puthor of a puthor of village. 1 3 drag to M. dio hay H. W. very ried; (I) 1873 to Jul. 12 and the Bar 12 of Covington, Ky., who do in 1883 and (2) ISSS, to Damer Lydla Both B. Dr. see v. who died in 1915. A son by the process was Motor Gordon Battelle Handberr, M.D. 204 and add now the species with Million and  $(y,y,\mathbf{n}) = (y,y,\mathbf{n}) \cdot (y,$ 

> The source see force by Alchop sorms and also my " H. Tisher ander our visuar furbial and or. 1. . Part, an foot part in the service. interment was in Forest mill-, Oston.

## Affectionate Tribute to Bishop Hamilton

T T was a very affecting scene that took place at Worcester Friday of last week in connection with the sessions of ; the New England Conference, when the members of that body, through their chosen spokesman, Dr. William Fairfield . Warren, presented Bishop John W. Ham-· ilton a beautiful loving cup in token of . the high esteem and warm affection in which he is held by his old Conference. Under the present law of the church, Bishop Hamilton will retire on account of age at the close of the General Conference which meets in Saratoga Springs next montb. Very fittingly he was assigned to preside over the New England Conference, of which he was so long an honored and influential member, there to close his active presidency over these annual gatherings, which gave the members of that body the opportunity they desired to express something of the affection which they feel toward him.

Dr. Warren was exceedingly happy in his address of presentation, in choice sentences delineating the major lines of Bishop Hamilton's career in the church, dwelling upon his loyalty to New England, his devotion to Methodism, his leadership in important movements, and his contribution to the upbuilding of the kingdom. In this he spoke the minds, we are sure, not only of those assembled at Worcester, but of all New England Methodism. After a few introductory words, Dr. Warren said that he was spokesman for the Conference, "bent on expressing something of the honor and esteem" in

which Bishop Hamilton, whom he characbrethren. Then he continued:

"You were not born, like many here present. within our Conference hounds, but like many of our new Americans, you can claim all the greater credit as having become a New Englander not brought with you your choicest treasures, youth, eager aspiration, your household gods, your everdeepening devotion to Jesus Christ and His kingdom. People's Temple is but one of many monuments of your youthful faith and later achievement. From the first you have nobly represented New England ideals. From the Atlantic to the Pacific your voice has ever rung out in opposition to all legal and illegal forms of human servitude. In you the honest toiler, white and black, has ever found a mighty champion and a cherished friend. In our world-wide church the laymen, and especially the laywomen, are not likely ever to forget their indehtedness to you for rights and opportunities achieved as yet in no other like branch of the Church of Christ. Your efficiency in the organization of Ecumenical Conferences has given you throughout the Methodist world a recognition attained by no other living representative. In the profound international movement having for its aim a World Conference on Faith and Order, your rank among the leaders is recognized by all communions of the Old World and of the New. Next month at Saratoga, in a veritable world conference of our own, yours will be the chosen voice to utter the quadrennial message of the millions of the Methodist Episcopal Church to the millions of the world without. When all the world is thus honoring you, how can we, your brothers in a precious lifelong fellowship, remain unmoved?

"Sixteen years ago this Conference sent you at the bead of its delegation to the General

bers of the New England Conference of which terized as "our bishop," is held by his he was a member (1868-1900) and resident bishop (1908 1916), and in whose admiration and affection he will ever shide. April, 1916."

Bishop Hamilton, taken entirely by surprise, was greatly moved. As he spoke his few words of affectionate response he by mere accident of hirth, but by intelligent and stirred profoundly the emotions, particdeliberate choice of your own. When you came ularly as he referred to Mrs. Hamilton, among us - how well I remember it! - you who would have rejoiced so keenly to share with him in this token of the love of his bretbren. It was an hour to touch the heart and tenderly reveal those subtle links that bind together the ministry of the church.

church the laymen, and especially the laywomen, are not likely ever to forget their indebtedness to you for rights and opportunities achieved as yet in no other like branch of the Church of ! Christ. Your efficiency in the organization of Ecumenical Conferences has given you throughout the Methodist world a recognition attained by no other living representative. In the proaim a World Conference on Faith and Order, your rank among the leaders is recognized by all communions of the Old World and of the New. 15 Next month at Saratoga, in a veritable world & conference of our own, yours will be the chosen [r voice to utter the quadrennial message of the 15 millions of the Methodist Episcopal Church to H the millions of the world without. When all the 10 world is thus honoring you, how can we, your brothers in a precious lifelong fellowship, remain unmoved?

"Sixteen years ago this Conference sent you 51 at the head of its delegation to the General e Conference in Chicago. We all remember what to followed. Not all, however, remember as vividly as do you and I a scene on the vast platform whereon we knelt and prayed and rose and sang that crowning Sunday of the General Conference session. Thousands of spectators crowded the vast auditorium; every hishop with his attendant elders was in his place. Standing face to face with the appointed officiants, with you at my side, it fell to me at the awaited moment to voice the mind of the New England Conference and the mind of a hundred other Annual Conferences in General Conference assembled by pronouncing the solemn words of our ritual: 'I present unto you this holy man to be consecrated a bishop in the Church of God.'

"From that memorable day to this it has been the joy and pride of this Conference to be represented by you in world wide activities. In every honor paid you we have been honored. Today, not only by word, but also by deed, we desire to remind you, and your loved ones, that you are perpetually in our heart of hearts. 1 We therefore respectfully ask that you will accept from our hands this loving cup, on which the names of giver and recipient are linked in perpetuity. A few weeks hence you are to u pass yet another gateway in your high career. Thenceforward, unhampered by such duties as burden and perplex you today, you are to be dowered with freedom for the higher, the crowning achievements of your life. Rememi.v her as you thus advance that step by step you il are ever haloed in the prayers and devout II thanksgivings of these your brethren, the memhers of this - your own - New England o; Conference."

The cup, which stands about twentyfour inches high, bears the following inscription:

ንን

'n

9t 77 11' 4' "Presented to John W. Hamilton, a bishop of the Methodist Episcopal Church, by the memrecurrence of such a catastrophe. Inter- ch national good will can be fostered by no su other organization as by the church. It is Ro this thought that is back of the call for a be gathering of leading clergymen in Garden cia City, L. I., beginning April 25, when this no whole problem of the relation of the Ire church in all lands to international dis- bil putes will be considered. No charge was made more insistently, immediately after Ro the outbreak of the war, than that Chris- co tianity had broken down. Shallow indeed sit such a statement, revealing lack of touch un with the profounder facts of life as related oli to the great international currents. Not wi Christianity but the things in our civiliza- ar tion that were not Christian are responsi- ot ble for the war. And it is to the problem tic of eliminating these things, and of making m all of life Christian, that the representatives of the churches are to address themselves at Garden City, this gathering to be part of a world-wide campaign of churches of many denominations now going on in nine European countries and in th the United States. The conference is pa called by the American branch of the w World Alliance of the Churches for the pa Promotion of International Friendship in fr co-operation with the Commission on m Peace and Arbitration of the Federal th Council of the Churches of Christ in W America. These two bodies emphasize pa the fact that the purpose of the confer- m ence is concerned with the fundamental th question of the spirit of international in good will and of the part the Christian w church should take in promoting it, rather th than with the national issues now being si discussed. The World Alliance of the do Churches for the Promotion of Inter- L national Friendship came into existence re

e more conspicuous, but because it has een prepared for by splendid work in ome lower grade. And as a good man by the consciousness, "I am equal to the nan and his fate have met, and that the heavenly world!"

inds more and more his congenial oppor- requirements of a high position. I am dounities, and rises grandly to the measure ing God's work in God's way. By every f increasing responsibility, there comes successive output of thought and time and o his heart a strange, subtle joy-a satis- strength I am fitting myself for still higher action afforded by the thought that the promotion finally, amid the arenas of the

3

# Deaconess Work Must Be Enlarged

N what way may the young women of not directly connected with this or any Methodism be attracted in larger church, and are becoming identified with tivities entirely outside of the denomation. There is no reason whatever hy we might not so capture the mind nd heart and imagination of our best ethodist young women who are college raduates that they would become identied with some form of social service.

And we shall do this, as one of our ablest omen leaders has said, by putting "the nphasis on great service rather than on hite bonnet strings." Now this is not ) be considered as anything against the onnet strings, but it is to be understood 3 insisting that the mere incidentals of ne deaconess work are not to prevent ne broadening of our vision as to woman's ervice, nor keep us from enlarging ar scope of activity, that we may be ble to capture our best young women and ad them into larger Christian service. his ought to be the cry of Methodism aring the next quadrennium, "Christian ocial Service." And it should be heard ı every one of our secondary schools and raduates that they would become identied with some form of social service.

And we shall do this, as one of our ablest omen leaders has said, hy putting "the nphasis on great service rather than on hite honnet strings." Now this is not ) be considered as anything against the onnet strings, but it is to be understood insisting that the mere incidentals of he deaconess work are not to prevent ne broadening of our vision as to woman's Prvice, nor keep us from enlarging fur scope of activity, that we may he , ble to capture our hest young women and , ad them into larger Christian service. his ought to be the cry of Methodism ; iring the next quadrennium, "Christian ocial Service." And it should be heard every one of our secondary schools and olleges.

In the years just ahead of us there will e many demands for teachers for reliious education as related to the public chool system of the country; there will e a great field for service in our cities; nere will be a call for consecrated womanood in our rural sections; there will be emands also for work among immigrants, romen trained specifically to labor among he Italians, Russians, and other groups-1 fact, there will he openings in practially every line of human activity and life there consecrated womanhood may lead, ispire, and become instruments under iod to the salvation of individuals and the pbuilding of the community. These lines f social service, along with the splendid vork which is now being done by the deaonesses as such, are all of them of impertive necessity in any program broad nough to command all the resources of a hurch such as the Methodist Episcopal

It is one of the most glorious pages of ur history that has been written by the onsecrated deaconess, who has given her ime without stint and without hope of eward. All honor to those who have ntered the service in these years! Eut he time has come when aside from these here must also be the broadening of all of our women's work so as to include all he possibilities of this service. And the inly way in which this can be done is by he General Conference facing the situaion fairly and so enlarging the scope of he Deaconess Board in its program and in ts personnel that it will touch all the eduational, social, and religious possibilities. Nothing less than this is big enough for dethodism.

# Dr. Sheldon on Adventism and Russellism To erect the broad superstructure of Adventism in any of its forms on this is to

shortcomings of this system. He followed tran religion as are to be associated with Adventism, moreover, is essentially mathis with a study of Mormonism, the na- the millennial age." the best analysis of that religious, eco- premillennial claim as expressed not only fort could there be in that? In His spirit-

nomic, and political combination hitherto published. And now he places the religious public under still further debt through this careful, critical, and scholarly review and criticism of Advent-

His work, which is entitled "Studies in Recent Adventism," is timely. With Russellism enjoying a vogue that is as astonishing as it is a pathetic comment on the gullibility of the public, with premillennialism the acknowledged creed of thousands of devout believers, and with Adventism in its virulent forms placing emphasis upon a materialistic interpretation of Scripture, a volume such as this, compact yet lucid, scholarly yet clear, fair yet critical, will find a hearty reception. It fills a need - which is more than may be said of many books that come from the press.

The danger that lurks in Russellism and the Adventist movement in all its forms is their appeal to the senses. Among our early recollections are those of attending one evening with some neighbors' children a meeting of an itinerating Ad-

mightic Scriptures, remains to this day. Commonly Decad doin Report. Advent- the subject in a narrow literalism." stand. And it is this very fact that carks in Adventise Argential in 1990 to the points out that it is to be and in human nature that divels in the count. Recent Ad cuttem. literal in its interpretation of certain voice of God by thousands "The distinction of Adventism ' says Professor Shel-

Studie in Recent Adventism (P. B.); C. Stable in Victorial Process (No. A) of Charles (Process Control of Charles)

tional cancer, and gave in compact form Professor Sheldon examines in detail the reappearance of Christ. But what com-



PROF. H. C. SHELDON

ventist. The form and substance of his by those who call themselves Adventists of Christ with a [visible [earthly reign.

whole superstructure, which is claim rigisor spirit at Penterest or time definitive or ermany adherents is built upon a single throw of the middle wab of partition to passage of Scripture, and that the "most tween lew and centile through the down ar digat of goetheal symbolism," Rev. 25

"fail of perspective in dealing with the PROFESSOR SHELDON is rendering don, "as the term is here used, lies in the contents of Scripture." Adventism also excellent service in his later years following particulars: It treats the second fails in that it would give to the Jews in in giving in popular form the results of his coming, or prospective advent, of Christ the restoration a place of pre-eminence. scholarly studies in recent religious move- as a matter of foremost importance in the Not so the Christ. He is universal. "Who ments. Some two or three years ago he Christian system; it insists that all Christian read," asks Professor Sheldon, "such published a very able and discriminating tians should contemplate this great event a description of the centrality of Christ critique of Eucken which served to indicate with vivid expectancy, as being in all prob- to the spiritual universe as is contained in the weaknesses of the German philosopher ability close at hand, if not indeed certain the first chapter of the Epistle to the and check the over-enthusiastic, who were to occur at a near-by specific date; it re- Colossians, and then think of His reign as ready to accept everything he uttered as gards the looked-for coming as premillen- conditioned upon, or specially allied with, law and gospel, simply because it hailed mial, that is, antecedent to the thousand- a perpetuated Jewish nationalism? The from the land of Goethe. Then he exam- year period mentioned in Rev. 20: 4, 5; it New Testament ascends to an outlook ined Christian Science, and in a sane dis- rates this coming as the indispensable con- wherein the metes and bounds of Jewish cussion, without hysteria, pointed out the dition of any such triumphs of the Chris- nationality seem thoroughly out of place."

terialistic. It is looking for the physical

ual presence He is everywhere; in His physical incarnation He would be again as He was in the days of His flesh, located. Moreover, to contend, as do Adventists, that the Gospel cannot be expected to convert the world, but that this event must wait on Christ's reappearance. is to fly in the face of Scripture. The Holy Spirit is to work to this end through the disciples of Christ.

Professor Sheldon clearly shows that all "attempts to determine the time of the second coming have no longer any credible bases." Indeed, were our Adventist brothers not wholly devoid of a sense of humor, they would realize how ridiculous their material, physical interpretations are. Time and again they have figured it out with absolute certainty, and each time they have failed. They have fixed the date, but always has it proved to be a movable affair. The words of Christ are at once a rebuke to all such vagaries, and a statement of fact: "Of that day and hour knoweth no one.' There is no good warrant for associating the second coming

remarks have long since left us, but there out and out, but by its adherents within "In the Scriptural references the stress remains to this day a vivid recollection of the other branches of the church, and as may be regarded as falling not so much on the charts with their wonderful hieroglyph- it finds advocates among certain scholars the precise form of the future manifestaics, their intricate calculations, and their of recognized standing in this country and tion as on the certainty that the Christ seemingly simple conclusions. It is all, per- in Europe. He devotes critical attention who had disappeared would reappear in a haps, the memory of childish experiences, to the Millerite movement, the Plymouth way that would enforce recognition. This but the impression of that evening, when Brethren, and the Irvingites, as well as to is the important point, and in view of the the intense Adventist enthusiastically and Russellism and Mormonism. The plan of unrangemed scope of divine resources, it at times veciferously explained the apoc- his discussion is as follows: "Features, shows poor discretion to attempt to melesc

definite in its revelation and interpretation is m. "Some Special Le chings of Adv. Without necessarily rejecting the deaof the movement for which the Ad entists contist Parties, "Cardinal Assemblytions of the millionnian, Professor Shocker Adventism and makes it dangerous. Mas eismof the Cardinal Assumptions, ""Crit- merely a period of free opportunity and terialistic, it appeals to the senses dealing licism of Special Teachings of Adventist marked advance for the cause of Christim in the mysterious, it captures that element. Parties," and "A last of Objections to the world." The point to be kept in mind is that the kinglom of Gild is most closely Professor Shellon's equation (caves the cass shated with the nerson of Chris. His Scriptures, it is listened to as the very advocate of a thousand years regulative coming is ' in every great cress of the upon which to stand. The fact is that the king ion, such as the city using if the

IC so the contract of

#### "HE KNOWS ME"

SYMPATHY is the solvent for most of life's troubles. We can bear worry and sorrow much more bravely when we know that somebody somewhere notes and approves the silent heroism. And then when it comes to the matter of personal mistakes and failures, it is good to feel that these are understood and excused, even if not approved, by those whose good opinion we most desire or cherish. A small boy thus defined a friend: "A friend is a fellow who knows all about you, but likes you." It is these friends who stick to us through thick and thin, liking us for all our faults, and bearing with us though often we disappoint them, who are our truest benefactors. Best of all is it to realize that there is One above who is so compassionate that although He knows all leave us until He has brought us to perfection.

#### FORCE OF EXAMPLE

flowers never stay long in the vase on one spend the summer. She was apparently of the desks, for the person there seldom as well as she had been for some time, allows a wistful eyed boy or girl to leave when she quietly fell asleep amid the without some of the brightness from that lengthening shadows of early evenvase. Although the vase there is emptied ing. long before the hour for closing, it is ready the next morning with a fresh store of Hamilton has revealed an optimistic Chris- and was assigned to the San Francisco flowers to send out upon their fulgent tian faith and patience that was the residence. It was in San Francisco that mission. The vases upon the other desks source of abiding comfort to the members Mrs. Hamilton suffered the shock to which are never emptied save when they need of her immediate family. She knew that is attributed the beginning of the illnessfresh flowers.

her flowers came in late one morning and skill was at her disposal, while the most with her family when the devastating San walked to the desk of the young woman, tender personal ministration was given Francisco earthquake, with all its horrors who even then was pressing a few sprigs her by husband, daughter, and sister. and its awful destruction of life and propof fragrance into a small hand. She said: The devotion throughout these trying erty, took place. Bishop Hamilton was in "As. I was coming down the street this months of the bishop, who carried the the East holding Conferences, when the morning I met your roses going up the burden of his work - heavy and exacting news of the earthquake was flashed across street-not once, nor twice, but three under the most favorable circumstances- the wires. The hours of suffering, the times, four times, five times, I saw a has been the admiration of all. He has rocking of the earth, the crash of buildradiant-faced child holding a little bunch watched by his stricken wife's bedside, ings, the burning, the destruction of lifeof flowers to her breast. Happiness was lost no opportunity to visit her while she all of this almost shattered her nervous being spread all along the street because has been in the hospital, and has been system. She never outlived the effects of of your roses. If that is what your roses tireless in meeting her every wish and an- those terrible hours, when death was do, I'm going to give away my roses, ticipating her every need. Love has everywhere and worse than death played too.'

what other people's roses are doing. It true husband in every sense of the word. Mrs. Hamilton came to New England to gives our self-complacency a needed jolt And the church stands by the open grave live, having been assigned to the Boston to come face to face, upon the street, with of the object of his affection to mourn some of the winsome living very ordinary with him. people are putting forth. An experience of that sort is likely to cause us to turn in Fairmont, Va., a member of one of the the life of the church in this section of the wonderingly to the store of treasures leading families of the Old Dominion. within our reach, and to go over in our Rev. Dr. Gordon Battelle, her father, took own minds the possibilities which they a most prominent part in the movement friends. She accompanied her husband to have put within our grasp. It will not be that resulted in the creation of the state most of the general gatherings in which strange, when we do that, if we conclude of West Virginia. He was a man of em- he has such an important part, and everythat we have not been giving out, as we inence, a member of the convention which where, by her genial presence and winmight have done, the fragrant bits of liv- led to the division of Virginia, and the some personality, drew large circles about ing into the soiled but eager hands that author of the resolutions which were her. Her interests were those of the have often been turned our way. If the adopted and which induced Congress and lesson has a pointed shaft for us like that. President Lincoln to recognize the new and we decide to be honest with ourselves, state and admit it to the Union. Emma we will make up our minds that we, too, Battelle was born Nov. 26, 1855, the daughshall give away our roses.

and friendliness and hope in our hearts to a home of refinement and Christian culture give away our roses. So many of us have that well prepared her for the place of been an honorary vice-president of the

reach, for enriching the lives of others. us look around and see the roses that other All that is needed to make us an abundant people are giving away. Let us note how blessing to our friends and neighbors and their roses are bedecking the barren places, workfellows is a little thoughtful and ten- how they are freshening the tired faces, der attention to the cultivation of the and how they are easing the strain and the kindly virtues which are quiet within us. stress that is tugging in the lives of those If it is contemplating the choice living about us. Let us try to catch the lesson which others are giving to the everyday of the roses that are being given away moments of their lives, that is to stir lessons that are plainly written all along within us a sturdy wish to touch with life's highway-and then let us each one cheerfulness and kind endeavor the lives make up our minds that we, too, shall give of those about us, why, if that is so, let away our roses.

## A Tribute to the Wife of Bishop Hamilton

to Bishop John W. Hamilton, resident bishop of New England, in the death about us, He yet likes us, and will never of Mrs. Hamilton, which, as announced briefly last week, occurred very suddenly, July 12. Although Mrs Hamilton had been seriously ill for nearly two years, no indication that the end was so near had appeared. In fact, she was removed only a little over two weeks ago from the sani-IN an office where many poor children tarium, where she had been under treatcall during the day are several desks ment for several months, to Hull on the with vases of flowers upon them. The South Shore, where the family was to

During these years of suffering, Mrs. everything humanly possible was being an organic disease of the nervous system One of the ladies who never gives away done to relieve her. The best of medical -that caused her death. She was alone found in him a tender and beautiful exem-It is well for us, now and then, to see plification of its loyalty. He has been a

Mrs. Hamilton, née Battelle, was born ter of Dr. Battelle and Maria Louisa After all, it takes but a little bit of love Tucker, and grew up in the atmosphere of all the essential qualities, well within our prominence which she was to fill in her Woman's Home Missionary Society of the

HURCH-WIDE sympathy has come married life. She was educated in the Wheeling Female College, one of the early institutions devoted to the higher education of women. Following her graduation from this school, her talents found expression as a teacher of art in the Wesley Female College of Cincinnati, which position she held until her marriage to Dr. Hamilton, Dec. 18, 1888.

> Dr. Hamilton was at the time a pastor in East Boston. Not long after this, however, he was elected corresponding secretary of the Freedmen's Aid and Southern Education Society, whose headquarters are in Cincinnati, and it was to a most congenial circle of friends that Mrs. Hamilton then returned in the Western city. Here they made their home until 1900, when Dr. Hamilton was elected to the episcopacy with the emotions.

Seven years ago last May, Bishop and residence by the Baltimore General Conference. It was home to them in many ways, and from the first they entered into country.

Mrs. Hamilton was a woman of many church. What strength she had she gave without reserve to the denomination. To her in large measure is due the establishment of the only home for Japanese girls in California. The home missionary activities of Methodism found in her a warm friend, and for a number of years she had

church. But her vision was world-wide also. She knew the needs of the foreign field as do few. To her it had been given to travel extensively with her husband, visiting the mission fields in Alaska, Hawaii, Porto Rico, Mexico, Denmark, Norway, Sweden, Finland, and Russia, as well as Central, Southern and Western Europe. When Bishop Hamilton was selected by his confrères of the episcopal board to visit the work of the denomination in Asia-one of the leading gifts and marks of honor in the episcopacy-Mrs. Hamilton looked forward with a great deal of expectancy to the privilege it would give her to come into touch with our world-wide field and to the help it would be to her still further to contribute in her way to the advancement of the cause of missions. But the war interfered and her illness developed, the trip had to be abandoned, and the bishop was chosen instead to deliver the episcopal address before the next General Conference at Saratoga Springs in May, 1916. How fruitful to the church these trips taken by Mrs. Hamilton were is indicated by the fact that as a result of her visit to the Hawaiian Islands, she purchased for the Woman's Home Missionary Society the beautiful Susannah Wesley Orphanage in Honolulu. She thought, as a bishop's wife, in the terms of service to the church. Her death will be mourned as the loss of one who was a devoted laborer as well as a loyal friend, a true wife, and a loving daughter and sister. The good cheer of her presence as well as the good work of her life will be missed. But these are the priceless legacies she bequeaths to church and friends and to the loved ones of the things in my life. I mention it here today behome.

Mrs. Hamilton leaves, besides her husband, a daughter, Miss Helene, who resides with her father; a son, Col. Gordon B. Hamilton, a physician in Oakland, Cal; a brother, Col. J. G. Battelle, president of the Columbus (O.) Iron & Steel may"-get out of life its sweetness while you Company, and three sisters, Mrs. Frederick Atwood, of Evansville, Ind.; Miss Frances Battelle, of Boston, and Mrs. Clarence M. Fenton, of Columbus, O.

## THE FUNERAL SERVICES

With all the solemnity of the impressive ritual of the Methodist Episcopal Church breathing the hope and the comfort of the Christian religion, the last rites were held Thursday afternoon in loving memory of Mrs. Hamilton. Rev. Dr. Dillon Bronson, superintendent of the Boston District, was in charge of the services both at the home on Commonwealth Avenue, where a few personal friends and relatives paid their last tribute in the intimacy of the family circle, and later at the more public service at St. Mark's Church, Brookline Rev. A. H. Nazarian, of People's Temple read the Scriptures and offered prayer at the horse. The funeral corts ge moved down the center isle of St. Mark's to the reading of the trumphant words of the ritial by Dr. Bronson Rev Dr. Kelley Jenness, of Tremont Street Church, read the Old Testament lesson, and Dr. William Fairfield Warren, former president of Roston University, the lesson from the New Testament Prayer was offered by President L. H. Murlin of the university. The quartet of St Mark's Church sang "How Firm a Foundation" and "Jerusalem, the Golden"heautifully rendering the spirit of the words and the music of these hyp ns of the faith.

The address was delivered by Dr. William Valentine Kelley, editor of the Methodes' Recon, of New York, for many years a close personal friend of the family. It was one of those rare the right of a friend's face, the sound of a yond. And at night we came to a village up

gems of thought and of expression, rich in its personal tribute and its literary allusions, for which the veteran editor is so noted. We are pleased to give a stenographic report of this beautiful appreciation of a true and noble character. Mrs. Hamilton's many friends throughout the church will prize it, we are certain. Dr. Kelley spoke as follows:

#### THE ADDRESS

I am perfectly clear in my mind as to why I am here. I am here in the plain and simple capacity of a friend, without any confusion of that rôle with any official relation to Mrs. Hamilton, or Bishop Hamilton, or this occasion. Friendship is a spontaneous and unprescribed thing. There is no ritual ordained for its use, no constitution or by-laws to regulate its procedure; it runs on no trellises, it grows out as lawlessly as the rambler roses on the banks of a railway track in certain parts of the road between here and New York city. And so my participation in this occasion is extremely informal, and if it does not follow prescribed and customary routes and rules, you will not wonder.

With this dear woman who is gone, and with her husband, I have had the honor and the sweetness of a friendship, simple and genuine, for many years. My mind barks back to the General Conference of 1900, in Chicago, when, on her part, this friendship had its first definite and tangible expression. That was the General Conference at which John W. Hamilton was elected hishop. When, after the order of elections, the Methodist Review had been reached, and the announcement had been made from the platform of the re-election of the then editor, there came a rose, a single rose, down the aisle by a messenger, to the seat where I was sitting, and the messenger delivered that rose with the friendship and good wishes of Mrs. Hamilton, the wife of the newly-made hishop. Now, it was a very slight thing, but it touched me very deeply, and it was one of the unforgettable cause it is dear to me, but for a larger reason than that; namely, that I am quite sure that that was a typical act on her part, simply one in ten thousand such, all down, or all up, through the years of her life.

Somebody indulgent in his exhortations to his fellow men, says; "Gather ye roses while ye have a chance. Now her motto was not that. She had not been brought up on any such selfindulgent thought. The exhortation which she had heard in the parsonage where she was born, and all through her life, was not "Gather your arms full of roses all your life," but "Scatter roses where'er you can." And that inc dent, I am sure, may be taken as typical. She did not single me out for exceptional attention, but she gathered me into the vast army of thousands and tens of thousands toward whom she had the altruistic thought, the necessary considerateness for their blessing, and to whom she gave roses, in form or in fact, all equally the gift of

She grew up in a parsonage. She was steeped from her childhood in altruistic sentiment and altruistic ideals, and filled with the Christlike altruistic impulse and that came to be the law of her being. Now if there is anything dearer. outside of the realm of one's own family, than the friends one makes, the friends whom God gives, I about not what it is. Was it Ruskin who said: "A man's worth is measured by the number he loves and is loved by?" I have always had a fundness for the words of one of Shakespeare's characters, who says.

## "I count myself in nothing less so happy. As in a soul rememb'ring my good friends "

Emerson I think it was who said, "No man's prosperity is so solid that a single word cannot chill it and disturb it," and the converse is equally true - that no man is so secure in his position, so high and proud and independent of

friend's voice, the grasp of a friend's hand is more to him than the center of his being, and all the wealth of the world. I like the words of the old serving man in Browning's poem, "The Flight of the Duchess," where, talking to his friend, and telling his story, he continues in verv human, informal fashion: "You are my friend. What a thing friendship is, world without end."

A couple of weeks ago I had a letter from the daughter of a brilllant missionary secretary of our church who died many years ago. I married that daughter many years ago, I baptized her first born. I had a letter from her in her widowhood. In this last letter she told me of her boy who was in the hospital for a serious operation, and of the daughter who has broken down under the strain of teaching day school and night school, compelled to overwork in order to look after the family needs. And this missionary's daughter wrote me as her friend, and told me the story of her situation, and then said: "I feel as if I had not one friend in the world." Now, I did just what any of you would have done - I took the train for her home. I sat down beside her, and listened to the rest of her story, with the intent to help her if I could, but first to make her feel that she had one friend -- the fact being that she had many more than one - to break the spell that held

And why do I tell of this incident bere? This woman was a friend to tens of thousands; she was always ready for service at the call to homes of need, pouring out her life laviably, until she could not help it. She was so fixed upon it that all her impulses ran to the rescue of all those who were in need. Some friends of mine have told me that the most effecting scene in the wonderful Passion Play at Oberammergau is the scene where the Master takes the towel and girds Himself, and washes the disciples' feet. Now, this woman was a disciple of that Master and it is no exaggeration to say that through her life, in her parsonage bome, the home of her childhood days, through her teaching years, and through her married life, when her husband was Freedmen's Aid secretary, ministering with him to the lowliest and the neediest of all in the land, in the spirit of brotherhood and sisterhood, she imitated the example of her Master, and no service was too menial or too lowly for her, as it was not for Him. Bear witness that what I say is true. You remember the frightful earthquake in Califormia. This woman stood there in the midst of that horrible catastrophe, calm and selfcontrolled. For of all disasters what can be imagined to be worse than to have the solid earth give way! Her husband was on the Eastern coast at the time. She, in entire selfforgetfulness, went out, inspiriting and assisting those about her, and when, after a time her husband reached her, a week or weeks after the earthquake, men came to him and told him his wife behaved like a heroine, she commanded all the street, she rose in ber strength and her devotion. The story of that will never be fully told - but that is the manner of the woman to whom we pay honor here today.

Now, I have waited through the years for a chance to get back at her. I said the first definite and tangible token from her side of a de nite individual friendship to nie was the rose that came down the arsle in Studebaser, Ha 'n Cheago one alternoon in Part You and what it is to have a friend do some ic cate and exquisite thing for you and then for you aget your teeth with the inward vow, "I will get even some day," and then to wait through the years for the chance to balance up the account. I had more satisfaction than I can tell, three years ago this month, in getting even, in a fashion, with Henry W. Warren. In 1875 we journeyed through the Holy Land together. I was desperately ill at Nazareth - the company thought they would leave my body there - but I partially recovered, and we started on our journey. We rode one day on horseback from Nazareth, going through his fellow men, that he does not see times when Capernaum and out into the hilly country be-

and, going into my tent, threw myself down on my cot As I lay there, completely discouraged, weak and burning with fever, I was aware that some one had come in at the tent door by my bed, and in a moment a pair of human hands that had been cooled in mountain spring water were laid from behind upon my forchead, and cooled my head, and I fell asleep. The great God had sent a friend to me, and saved me. That was thirty nine years before the time when I sat, in Denver, in the room where lay his body, which was soon to be taken from the house to Iliff Chapel for the service. There was in my heart the wish that I could have that body alone. As if in answer to my wish, one by one those who were in the room began to leave. At last even the nurse who had attended him in his last illness, and who was still in the house, went out, and I was alone with him. I reached down my hands and I put them on his forehead, and I said in getting even with you thirty-nine years after, for that tender act of yours."

I told you that the first token of this friendship which I was permitted to have with her and her husband was sent to me in the gift of one rose, in the General Conference of 1900. The last token of that friendship will be given before I finish. I remember a picture by a European artist, entitled "The Last Token." A Christian girl is in the arena at Rome, about to be killed. The arena is crowded to the doors with the populsce, hungry for the spectacle of blood, the blood of a Christian. This girl is pressing against the walls of the arena, as if to get away as far as possible from the lions that are to be let in; and as she stands there, some one from the seats above drops a rose, and it falls at her feet, and she looks up to see where it comes from. "The Last Token" - that is why before I came to this service - just before - I went across the street to the florist's, and I asked him for the most heautiful rose he had, and he selected this, and it is the last visible and tangible token that comes from my side, as the first rose came from her side. I gave you warning that this would be an informal service on my part, and I take this rose, and I lay it on her casket.

Dear lady, honored wife of an honored bishop, you sent me a rose as a token of your friendship. I lay this rose, the last token, upon your casket.

among the hills, where we were to encamp for And I do it not simply for myself, but I do it the night. Utterly exhausted, I got off my horse, representatively, for the thousands and the tens of thousands, all over this land and other lands, to whom she had given roses, or some other and equally beautiful, and often far more lasting, token of that great Christian heart that sent out its love and its service, its constant devotion to her husband, and to her children, and to the Church of Jesus Christ, ready for any self denial, ready to go with her husband on his journeys to the ends of the earth when that were best, or to stop alone, amid earthquake and tragedy, if that were appointed her by his service to the church.

The benediction was pronounced by Rev. Dr. Webster H. Powell, superintendent of the Lynn District. Mr. George H. Maxwell, who has been for a long time a warm friend of the hishop's family, was in charge of the funeral arrangements, in a most brotherly and efficient manner caring for the details of the trying occasion. The honorary pallbearers were selected from to him: "My brother, this is the best I can do among the prominent Methodist laymen of Greater Boston, and included Former Governor John L. Bates, Mayor George H. Newhall, of Lynn, Hon. Matthew Robson, of Salem, Hon. Harvey N. Shepard, of Boston, and Messrs. J. W. Wilbur, Brookline, C. R. Magee, Malden, George F. Washburn, Jamaica Plain, George W. Brainard, Dorchester, B M. Shaw, Watertown, and A McArthur, Roxbury. Interment was in the family lot in Forest Hills Cemetery.

#### MORE PAGES YET

In Memoriam — E. B H.

This day a lull, In joy, in grief; The page is full, God turns the leaf.

What next? Who knows? This only weigh: Who sent the rose, Hath more to say.

Her new-found page No pen can fill While ages age ; My soul, be still '

W F. WARREN.

July the twelfth.

#### From Doubt to Faith

HERE are sermons that make sermons for they bristle with thoughtmons, for they bristle with thoughtstirring texts, and significant phrases, that set the minds of preacher or teacher auditors wandering in lanes and byways of the Bible country not generally traveled. In a thoughtful and discriminating sermon note of authority with which Jesus closed preached in the tabernacle at Oak Bluffs the interview with the Jewish rabbi, and on July 11, Rev. Frank B. Upham, D. D., to which, after all has been doubted, dealing with the interview of Nicodemus thought, or said, the truth-seeker must with Christ, stressed the clause, "llow bow. We must accept the God that is, can these things be'" and, in connection and and Him through Jesus Christ. with the thought of the reasonableness of Israel, and knowest not these things?" second offers a reward to him who with is Christianity, or it is nothing!"

sacred curiosity turns aside from the ordinary avocations of life to glimpse the theophany which gleams behind the wayside phenomenon; the third demands a personal appropriation and expression of the truth (which can never be a mere hearsay report of an experience extrinsic to the man himself), and the fourth sounds the

A teuching and effective story was cited the appeal of Jesus (for an acceptance of Jo the speaker, detailing the experience His message, which rooted in the natural of a missionary in China. The latter was but contained also an inescapable element, preaching to a group of people who never of supernatural mystery), cited these before had heard the Gospel. As the pregnant phrases: "Art thou a master in evangelist closed his story of the passion and erucinxion of Christ, one of two Chin-"He turned aside to see." "Sayest thou ese women who had been closely listening this thing of thyself, or did others tell it to the novel narration turned to the other thee of me?" "We speak that we do and said, "Have I not often told you that know." The first of these reminded Nic- there ought to be a God like that?" And odenius that his real or assumed knowl- equally apposite was the quotation from edge of God as revealed in the history and George Romanes, who, returning to the records of Israel ought to have served as a faith he had held in his youth, summed base for a Christian superstructure; the the matter up in the terse comment: "It

There are modern men who, like Nicodemus, are all the while coming to Jesus "by night"-in the night of doubt, of depression, or of bereavement-and happy are they who, finding God through Christ and finding Christ to be God, obtain guidance for this life, and assurance for the life to come. "If you are still in doubt," concluded Dr. Upham, "study more deeply; if you continue to be perplexed, read more broadly; if you cannot understand, get a new philosophy of certainty; then, if still you doubt, read Christ, hear

## PERSONALS

-Darius Cobb, the Boston artist, who will be eighty-one years old next month, has just returned from his remarkably successful tour to the Pacific coast, exhibiting his greatest painting, "The Master," and telling the story of why and how he painted it.

-The Springfield Republicansays: "The Republican skies in Massachusetts have not brightened to the extent that Charles Sumner Bird is ready to come into the old party and support either McCall or Cushing. He himself hath said it."

-Rev. Nelson R. Pearson of Pittsfield, Me., writes July 17: "Mrs. Agnes R. Good win, widow of Rev. Othello H. Goodwin, died in Sherman, July 14, and was buried in Pittsfield, July 17." A memoir of this excellent woman will soon appear.

- Rev. Rutherford H. Moore, pastor of our church at Lyndonville, Vt., and Miss Ruth E. Butler, of Lyndonville, were married in the church of which the groom is pastor, July 15, by District Superintendent R. F. Lowe, in the presence of three hundred people.

- President Woodrow Wilson sends Rev. Dr. Francis E. Clark, of the Christian Endeavor Society, ill with typhoid fever at his summer residence at Sagamore, the following letter of sympathy:

"MY DEAR DR. CLARK: I have heard with the deepest distress of your illness. I hope that it will cheer you up a little to think with what solicitous affection we are all hoping for your speedy recovery. The great work you have done in the ('hristian world has made you a multitude of friends, and none wishes for your welfare and recovery more heartily than does your WOODROW WILSON" sincere friend,

-Miss Mary B. Sweet, a graduate of the Chicago Training School, and for several years a missionary in Rome under the W. I. M. S., has accepted an urgent oil to the superintendency of the Deaconess work in Washington state with headmarters at the Training School in Scattle.

- Mrs. Annie E. Mariot Cuyler, widow of Rev. Dr. Theodore Ledyard Cuyler, who was pastor of the Lafayette Avenue Presbyterian Church in Brooklyn for thirty years, died on Monday at her home in Saybrook, Ct. Mrs. Cuyler was born in Ohio eighty-four years ago, and was married in 1850 to Dr. Cuyler. Ten years later he founded the Lafayette Avenue Church. What tenderly affectionate and grateful memories of Dr. Cuyler are awakened in

# The American University By Chancellot John W. Hamilton

The announcement that I have been elected chancellor of the American University has been published widely. It would seem anomalous for me to retire from one responsibility having reached the age limit, to assume another no less arduous and equally important.

When my brother was elected to the episcopacy the Bishop resident in Washington and one of the leading trustees of the university



BISHOP JOHN W. HAMILTON Chancellor of The American University

came to me to obtain my consent to accept the chancellorship if elected by the trustees. I responded promptly, "No. I am laying down cares at the voice of the Church. Why should I elect to take up others equally responsible?" But one Bishop after another continued to make the same request, until I found but one sentiment and a unanimous election in the annual meeting of the trustees

A substantial plodge toward the crection of another building was mimediately made by one of the frustees, \$1,000 in cash was placed in my leads toward a fund for free scholarships at \$500 given toward the improvements of \$1,200 cash, and \$1,000 to a greater as \$100 cash, and \$1,000 to a factor of \$1,000 cash, and \$1,000 to a factor of \$1,000 cash, and \$1,000 cash as \$1,000 cash, and another \$1,000 cash, and anoutput \$1,000 cash, and another \$1,000 cash, and another \$1,000 ca

It is certain no better inducements are attended anywhere for the west and productive use of measy their in this beautifully and engely forated school. Occupying the high spent of band in the District of Caumbia every oking the cit. Arington and the Palence River, the one hundred a res within the cit limits give the bindscape attent and the averlines, of headings are specificaty for the found of sewhere their heart of the found of sewhere items heart the cipital.

 $(B \to cc) = M$ 



Thornby chapel, beginning Sunday, June 20. Leader, Mrs. J. A. Hudson.

Beach Meeting. Sunday evenings at 6 o'clock, beginning June 25, under the direction of Dr. Frank L. Wilson

North End Pavilion. Every Sunday afternoon at four o'clock, beginning Sunday, June 25. Leader, J. F. Mohn.

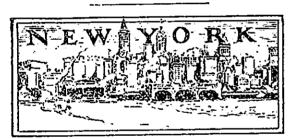
South End Pavilion, Every Sunday afternoon, at four o'cl ck, beginning Sunday, July 2. Leader, Dr. A. E. Ballard.

Camp Meeting. Daily, beginning Friday, August 25, and closing Labor Day, September 4. The Rev. William A. Sunday, the wellknown evangelist, will be in charge throughout the camp meeting.

Joint Conference of Woman's Foreign and Home Missionary Societies, July 25:28.

Sunday preachers are as follows: June 25, Bishop W. F. Oldham; July 2, Bishop Anderson; July 9, Dr. C. F. Wishart, of Chicago; July 16, Bishop Stuntz; July 23, Children's Day, Dr. R. F. Y. Pierce, morning service and children's concert in evening; July 30, Bishop Wilson, morning; Dr. David J. Burrell, of New York, evening; August 6, President Edwin A. Schell, D.D., of Iowa Wesleyan College; August 30, Dr. Cortland Myers, of Boston; August 27 and September 3, Dr. William A. Sunday; September 10, Dr. John Krantz.

For further particulars write the secretary, Dr. A. J. Palmer, Ocean Grove, N. J.



The Residential Vica of New York City includes the New (k. New York, New York Past, Last term in and Lastern Swedish Conferences, Resi-dent Bishop, Luther B. Wilson, 150 Little Ave-nue, New York City I.

NEW YORK PRIACHERS' MULTUNG, June 19, 1916. Bishop W. P. Eveland will speak on "The Philippines, an Unfinished Task.

SAINT PAUL'S CHURCH, NORTHFORT, N. Y. - This growing church at the first Quartetly Conference advanced the salary of its pastor, the Rev. A. D. Batchefor, by adding 8200.

NIMION, N. J. A Men's League has been organized in coldection with Past Church, with more than one hundred eleriter members, At the meeting for permanent organization the Hor. Howard R. Cinse, of Jersey City, gave a rest distance and some V Man's .  $V_{i} = J_{i}^{*}$ յ ն

The state of the Property of t established the control of the Pater in and vening more less than most Black Or groupe McPar wast Samples a majoristic Association, the enginezation is the properties Born Services of many to Pulciand the dispersion of the site of the Service fators of the Charlest meter bers of a class gathered in the call of Pasicent A (L. 1 t) and to meand as the grade so at by same to Super is by mishave be Bosen to the content and Milyon 

Troop Pres 1 1 Or Soula cyclica

be shifted from his moorings. on public opinion. Judging by ish Conference has passed off lays ago I received all the offipers that are sent to a member ative Conference. So far I changes in the arrangements, ilway companies are allowing and that all social functions he session for the reception of er Conferences is to be recast. th the wishes of his church, Canadian representative, has t, and there are other changes alter the character of this ering.

#### IE COALITION

rs of the impending Coalition nger that the tinge and taint during the week never handle anything heavier granted.

ablies will be affected by the One of the most pathetic incidents of the tussle land and sea. The more cau- is the number of only sons who have fallen on ible section of our Methodist the field or have sunk beneath the waves. It is nsisted from the first that we when one visits the homes of the people that course in spite of the terrible one realizes the drain on our manhood and ne normal life of the nation. womanhood. This week I made a pastoral call that what the nation needs at on a widow in humble circumstances who has but more Christianity. Those twelve children. Four of her five sons are 'd to the opposite pole in the wearing the king's uniform. One of them has ontended that all gatherings been for months a prisoner in Germany. The plutely essential ought to be other three are in training for the front. One lessly shortened until the issue or two of her daughters are engaged as military been decided. In sesson and nurses. It does not demand a very vivid imaghave urged that our English ination to conceive that this particular mother meet for only a few days, that must endure many an anxious hour. Several of ld be little more than formal, our nobility have placed their splendidly timer who is changing his circuit bered ancestral parks at the disposal of the Government as training camps. Employers are mongers have produced a very paying in full to wives or dependents the wages of employees who have gone to the front. In all kinds of ingenious and unexpected ways men, women, and children are displaying their willingness and their capacity to help. For instance, heard yesterday of a woman of independent means whom I know who has taken a situation as a chauffeur in or fer that the man who had the place may enlist. This case is only typical of thousands of others.

#### THE WIZARD OF MUNITIONS

Only the future can reveal the fame and the power that are within the grasp of Mr. Lloyd George. But he has now reached what up to the premier year was in licated an present is the zenith of bis influence. He is one of the most romantic figures in our public life. The story of his career reads almost like a fairy tale. Only a few years ago certain men were freely bespattering him with handfuls of mud and denouncing him up hill and down dale as an eaked out they caused a cen- adventurer, an unscrupulous sixpenny Welsh iberal camp. For a while the attorney, "a mouthing patriot with an itching n Radical politicians were sim- palm" Now these very detractors are hailing hat followed when the poison- him as the deliverer of our country. They now I by the Germans were blown regard him "with bated breath and whispering the trenches of the Allies, humbleness." Be that as it may, he has cast his political fumes have not been spell with a wizard's skill without a wizard's very lasting in their issue spite upon the whole nation. The response to all recovered. Much genuine bis mighty appeal for a unit in has been swift, - 1. rd : a'dane, Mr v nurchill, spentaneous, and sensational. Il select section es who have either been re- ha e passed through the country ske a succesof ce or placed in some other is on of electrical shocks. He has ung a spark rave halfserious, if not irreped note a powder magazine. All sorts and condis personnel of the Administra- tions of men and women are answering to his was no church in crossett, a by the gains outweigh the call for help. Some of the "curled darlings of lage. A man decided to open quality of the statesmen who our nation" who have probably never done a The manager of the sawmill i l by the exchange of ministers, hard day's work since they were born, are morning of the day the saloon it fact that all parties in the harrying up to the gates of a covernment the county scat for his licen mmitted to the prosecution of arsenal or a private factory and imploring that ber and workmen to a corner i torious end. So long as the they may be allowed to assist in the manufac- the middle of that afternoon ned in the hands of the mem- ture of munitions. At least three of our Wes- church built. Thirty minutes ned in the hands of the mem-al party, there was always the logan ministers have entered a workshop and seat with a pention for a local contest was the concern of are now busy in turning out shells. Every un had already been warned that he people of England. There scores of stockbrokers and their clerks, who church and, of course, the he

papers provide us with som items. We are not so sorely Egyptians, for after the dest passed over the land there v where there was not one dead. increase, and already some ap lows whom our church urgen shed their blood for their cou slight palliation of our grief t eral members of our church hav of honor pinned to their breast less than three of our chaplains tioned in dispatches. The dutie ren are dangerous and exbaustir deserve any distinction that eith the state can bestow upon them

#### CHRIST'S OTHER SI

It is gratifying to know the multitudinous claims and distr among the heathen abroad is lected. Our Foreign Mission like the English bugle boy fa who when he was captured t clared that he did not know h treat. They have decided to than retire. Within the last nificent documents from our m passed through my hands. () financial retrospect The inco cuit for the past ten years wa being urged to reach and if po highest contribution to our m The second document was inter field, the new secretary of the of the work, is justifying his & is compiling a list of all the n nected with our charch. By thi to enlist recruits for an invalua operations that is still swathed bands of infancy.

#### Preferred a Church

H rom the Admeds Cit

N interesting story com Ala, of how the men of a charch na la and thus iming of a salura it at a . . .

A law in A apania i robilits saloon within tires moss

## Mrs. Bishop Hamilton.

The whole Church grieves for Bishop Hamilton in his bereavement. He had found in Mrs. Hamilton so much; so much of reserves, of understanding. of moral strength; so much of comradeship in his labors far beyond the strength of any man. Particularly was this true during the labors that fell to his lot after the San Francisco earthquake and the holocaust. Always Bishop Hamilton had worked as if his life were in atmosphere of oxygen which burns so brightly because it is consumed so fast; always his mail, his correspondence, his personal attention to the humblest details and the obscurest brethren, was so careful, so sincere, it forgot all human limitations as to endurance. But during those dark times when the queenly city by the Golden Gate lay in ashes and ruins, when his health was undermined and the surgeons having him on the operating table despaired his life, when weakness was the lot of that frame of knitted steel, Mrs. Hamilton was by his side, in every way the pillar and guard and inspiration of his daily existence.

Mrs. Hamilton, like her distinguished husband, took the episcopacy as one views not honors on the outside, but humble, even monotonous, routine from within. Too sensitive and too sensible of its responsibilities, she was never bewildered by its distinctions or its appreciative applause. She accompanied the bishop on all his official visits to foreign countries, including Alaska, the Hawaiian Islands, Mexico, Porto Rico, Denmark, Norway, Sweden, Finland, Russia, and all of Central, Southern and Western Europe, and acted as his helper in a thousand ways. She had hoped to accompany him around the world in fultillment of his recent appointment, on his visit to far-off missions, but this journey was postponed on account of the war. She purchased for the Woman's Home Missionary Society the beautiful home in Honolulu for the Susannah Wesley Orphanage, during her visit to the Hawaiian Islands and all this only suggests her wide interest and wide usefulness.

Her character was beautiful, because she loved to serve, Satural, unofficious, with no touch of affectation, she was a type of the Christian woman, wife, mother, friend. The Church holds Bishop Hamilton up to the throne today, and invokes on him the comfort, the far away look, the hope that cannot be put to shame, of a morning dawn where life takes up afresh its wonted way.

to the test, rather, and see how present a help is He in time of trouble.

## Miners and Farmers Vote the Saloons Out.

St. Francois County, Mo., voted out the saloons by 900 majority, at a special election held last week.

St. Francois County, south of St. Louis, has been a battle ground of the wet and dry forces for years. It is the heart of the lead mining district and contains several unincorporated mining towns of several thousand each which vote with the county. The drys took the first victory in the county several months ago when Farmington, the county seat, which votes separately, voted dry. Then the fight was centered on the county. The largest part of the majority was rolled up in the largest mining centers, showing a strong vote of laborers, as well as of farmers, against the saloon.

Thank God for this notable victory!

## Those Hundred Days at Kansas Wesleyan.

From many sources letters still come in that tell the won-4, derful record of Kansas Wesleyan during its one hundred -days. All letters speak of the energy and unique character of the campaign that has come out not only with the hundred thousand set as the goal, but about thirty thousand beyond. The new champion, President John F. Harmon, writes of the workers, and the workers write of him. Dr. Roach, former president, and no institution ever had a finer type of champion, falls into the vernacular when he writes: "It was a general hustle of a job and 'the boys' laid off their coats and went to work and the campaign went well. \* \* About two thirds of the time it was so yet they could not trivel. Let we came  $_{\rm CUL}$  at the end of the hundred days with \$128,000 and still some to hear from President Harmon "as everywhere Rain, mud, impossible roads did not stop him. He touched thirty counties, traveled several thousand miles, not the people, and they capitulated, purses and hearts and all

The CINIENT has already endeavoired to give this wonderful campaign due recognition. If we were to name all who were in the thrilling campaign we should have to name all the district superintendents pastors leading laymen. It was a famous victory.

Bishop Mouzon on Organic Union

HAMILTON, John William, Methodist Episcopal Bishop since May, 1900; born at Weston, Va, March 18, 1845. Graduated at Lt. Union College, O., 1865; Boston University, 1871 (A.M., Wesleysn University, Connecticut; D.D., Baker University, Kansas: LL.D., University or Southern California DePauw University, i.t. Union College). Married (first) Dec. 24, 1873, Julia Elizabeth Battelle, Covington, Ky. (died, 1883): (second) Lec. 18, 1888, Emma Lydia Battelle, Buffalo, R. Y. Admitted to the Fittsburgh Conference or the Methodist Episcopal Church, April, 1868, oraainea deacon, April, 1868; appointed to Newport, O.; transferred to the New England Conference, April, 1868; ordained elder, April, 1870; Founder and for nine years pastor of the Feople's Church, Boston; Member of the General Conference, Methodist Episcopal Church, 1884, 1888, 1892, 1896, 1900; member of the Methodist Ecumenical Conference, Wasnington, 1891; fraternal delegate to churches in Ireland and England, 1898; elected, 1892, corresponding secretary of the Freedmen's Aid and Southern Education Society, 1892-1900; member executive Committees Methodist Ecumenical Conference, London, Ingland, 1901. Author: Lemorial of Jesse Lea and the Old Elm, 15/5; Lives or the Lethodist Lishops 1865 .. 4; Feople's Church pulpit, 1864; American Fraternal Greetings, 1899 L.25. Editor of The Christian Laucator, 1:92-1900.

In 1916 the General Conference granted him the retired relationship. He has recently been appointed Chancellor of the American University at Washington, D. C., where he now lives.

Nov. 10, 1916a

## FIIII W. HAI ILTON, D.D.

Dr. Hamilton is the son of the late Tov. L. C. P. iamilton, of Pittsburg Conference, and was born in West Virginia; was graduated from Mount Union College, Chio, in 1865, and studied theology at Boston University; joined the New Ingland Conference, and speedily ruse to its most important past ral positions. Conered Hethedism legen to hear of him when the emospilon of a great "Poople's Church"was formed in his mi. d, projected being the public, and shaped liself in the vest simpothire since so well known. For him joars he was the pastor of the society, and sistained by his personal force, untiring energy, and fertility of resource, the enterprise estimate indifference, come adverse criticism, and various un-I repres chatecles in . Way which de constrated the passession of a large amount of every hind of ability necessary to achieve round's. In every pastural position we had decidof success. In 1 04, 1088, and 1 .2 he was an active memora of he General Conformace; has to read ordinams upon tal the 'elatel gorstions el la Church old moral current "rol mas", and has the dividually wittered whom are buck files and places on a contract of a contract of the contract of . . . .

The state of the s

ity with all the traditions of our work in the Bouth, and his general business ability and energy, will, in the opinion of all who know him. Outlify him in an especial degree for success in the various forms of effort new required in a widening field of rost importance to the Cherch, to the country, to the elevation and salvation of a great people; and thus to the lingdom of Christ.

The Christian Advocate, June 9, 1892.

HAMILTON, John William, Methodist Episcopal Bishop since May, 1900; Born at Weston, Va, March 18, 1845. Graduated at Mt. Union College, O., 1865; Boston University, 1871 (A.M., Wesleyan University, Connecticut; P.D., Baker University, Kansas; F.J.D., University of Southern California DePauw University, Mt. Union College). Married (first) Dec. 24, 1873, Julia Elizabeth Battelle, Covington, Ky. (died, 1883); (second) Dec. 18, 1888, Emma Lydia Battelle, Buffalo, N.Y. Admitted to the Pittsburg Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, April, 1868, ordained deacon, April, 1868; appointed to Newport, O.; transferred to the New England Conference, April, 1868; ordained elder, April, 1870; Founder and for nine years pastor of the People's Church, Boston; member of the General Conference, Methodist Episcopal Church, 1884, 1888, 1892, 1896, 1900; member of the Methodist Ecumenical Conference, Washe ington, 1891; fraternal delegate to churches in Ireland and England, 1898; elected, 1392, corresponding secretary of the Freedmen's Aid and Southern Education Society, 1892-1900; member Executive Committees Methodist Roumenical Conference, London, England, 1901. Author: Memorial of Jesse Lee and the Old Wlm, 1875; Lives of the Methodist Fishops 1883 M4; People's Church pulpit, 1884; American Fraternal Greetings, 1899 W25. Maitor of The Christian Maucator, 1892-1900.

HAMILTON, John William, Methodist Episcopal Bishop since May, 1900; Born at Weston, Va, March 18, 1845. Graduated at Mt. Union College, O., 1865; Boston University, 1871 (A.M., Wesleyan University, Connecticut; D.D., Baker University, Kansas; J.L.D., University of Southern California Derauw University, Et. Union College). Married (first) Dec. 24, 1873, Julia Elizabeth Battelle, Covington, Ky. (died, 1883); (second) Dec. 18, 1888, True Lydia Battelle, Buffalo, N.Y. Admitted to the Pittsburg Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, April, 1868, ordained deacon, April, 1868; appointed to Newport, O.; transferred to the New England Conference, April, 1868; ordained elder, April, 1870; Founder and for nine years pastor of the People's Church, Boston; mcmber of the General Conference, Methodist Episcopal Church, 1884, 1888, 1892, 1896, 1900; member of the Wethodist Ecumenical Conference, Washjugton, 1891; fraternal delegate to churches in Ireland and England, 1898, elected, 1892, corresponding scoretary of the Preedmen's Aid and Southern Education Society, 1892-1900; member Executive Constitues Methodist Boumenical Conference, London, England, 1901. Author: Menorial of Masse Lee and the Old Elm, 1875; Lives of the Methodist Pishops 1883 M4; People's Church pulpit, 1884; American Fraterial Greatings, 1899 M25. Editor of The Christian Educator, 1892-1900. x

WHOUS MID IN ALERICA

Dishob John Li. Janiston.

Property of the Board of Foreign Mexicon. 150 Fifth Avenue, liew York

•

r

January July Marine Marine

28000

Photographs from this file have not been included but are available upon request. For more information please contact research@gcah.org